

IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) An organic electroluminescent device comprising:  
at least two or more emitting layers between an anode and a cathode, and  
an intermediate electrode layer being interposed between emitting layers,  
the intermediate electrode layer being a single layer or a multilayer structure, at least one  
of the layers comprising a semiconductive material,  
the semiconductive material comprising at least one conductive oxide comprising a  
transition metal selected from the group consisting of  $\text{NbO}_x$ ,  $\text{LaO}_x$ ,  $\text{NdO}_x$ ,  $\text{SmO}_x$ ,  $\text{EuO}_x$ ,  $\text{MoO}_x$ ,  
[[ $\text{ReO}_x$ ,]]  $\text{WO}_x$ ,  $\text{OsO}_x$ ,  $\text{IrO}_x$  and  $\text{PtO}_x$ , wherein x is 0.2 to 5.
2. – 27. (Cancelled)
28. (Previously Presented) A display comprising a screen comprising the organic  
electroluminescent device according to claim 1.
29. – 32. (Cancelled)
33. (Previously Presented) The organic electroluminescent device according to claim 1,  
wherein the conductive oxide is  $\text{MoO}_x$ .
34. (Previously Presented) The organic electroluminescent device according to claim 38,  
wherein the conductive oxide is  $\text{MoO}_x$ , x is 2 to 3, and the donor is Cs.

35. – 37. (Cancelled)

38. (Previously Presented) The organic electroluminescent device according to claim 1, wherein the semiconductive material further comprises a donor that is an alkali metal and/or an alkaline earth metal.

39. (Previously Presented) The organic electroluminescent device according to claim 1, further comprising an electron injecting layer on the anode side of the intermediate layer, wherein the electron injecting layer comprises an alkali metal compound or a reducing dopant.

40. (New) The organic electroluminescent device according to claim 1, wherein the intermediate electrode layer has a resistivity between 0.001 and 10,000  $\Omega$ .cm.